The RPKI & Origin Validation

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And a cast of thousands! Well, dozens:)

Routing is Very Fragile

 How long can we survive on The Web as Random Acts of Kindness, TED Talk by Jonathan Zittrain?

 99% of mis-announcements are accidental originations of someone else's prefix -- Google, UU, IIJ, ...

Why Origin Validation?

- · Prevent YouTube accident
- · Prevent 7007 accident, UU/Sprint 2 days!
- Prevents most accidental announcements
- Does not prevent malicious path attacks such as the Kapela/Pilosov DefCon attack
- That requires "Path Validation" and locking the data plane to the control plane, the next steps, last talk today

The Goal

- Keep the Internet working!!!
- Seriously reduce routing damage from mis-configuration, mis-origination

Non-Goals

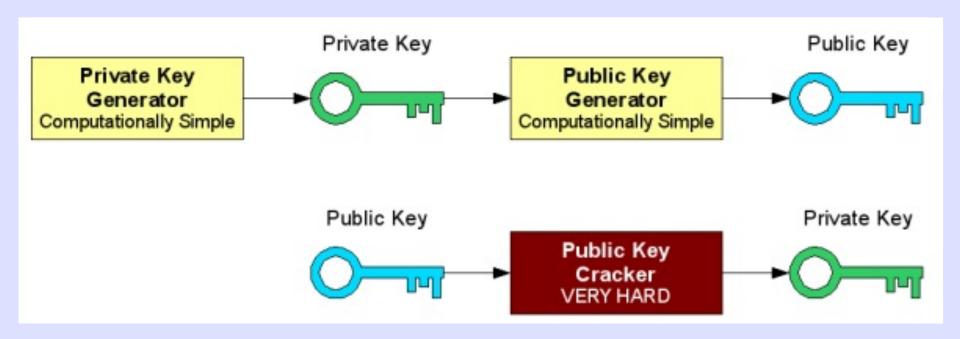
- Prevent Malicious Attacks
- Keep RIRs in business by selling X.509
 Certificates

Resource Public Key Infrastructure (RPKI)

Public-Key Concept

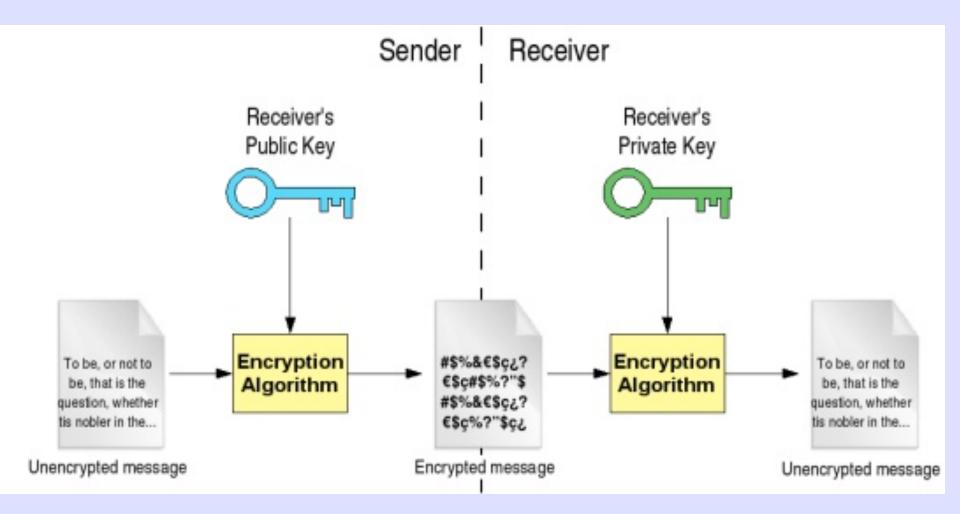
- · Private key: This key must be known only by its owner.
- Public key: This key is known to everyone (it is public)
- Relation between both keys: What one key encrypts, the other one decrypts, and vice versa. That means that if you encrypt something with my public key (which you would know, because it's public:-), I would need my private key to decrypt the message.

Key Generation

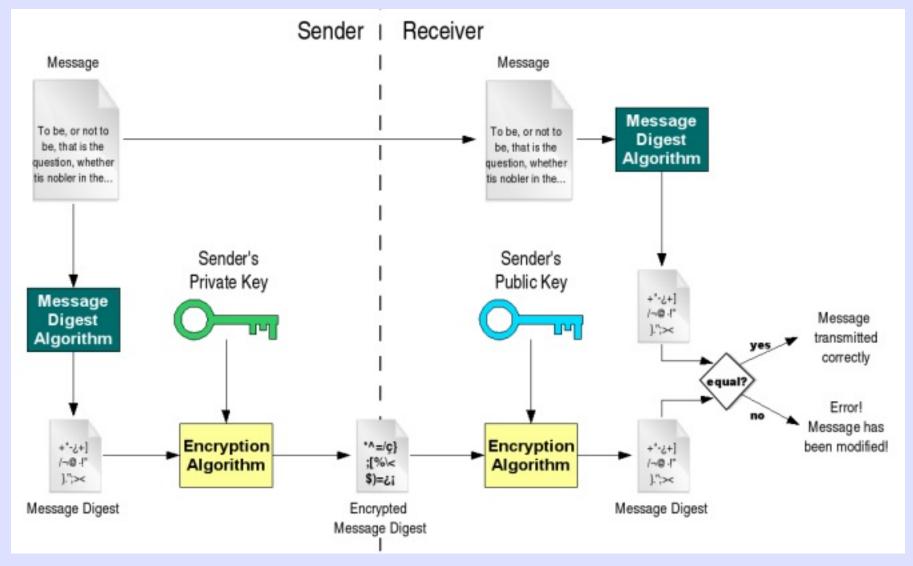


Stolen from - http://gdp.globus.org/gt4-tutorial/multiplehtml/ch09s03.html

En/DeCryption



Digital Signature



Certificate

I, <u>Certification Authority XYZ</u>, do hereby **certify** that <u>Borja Sotomayor</u> is who he/she claims to be and that his/her public key is <u>49E51A3EF1C</u>.



Certification Authority X43

X.509 RPKI Being Developed & Deployed by IANA, RIRs, and Operators

X.509 Certificate w/ 3779 Ext

X.509 Cert

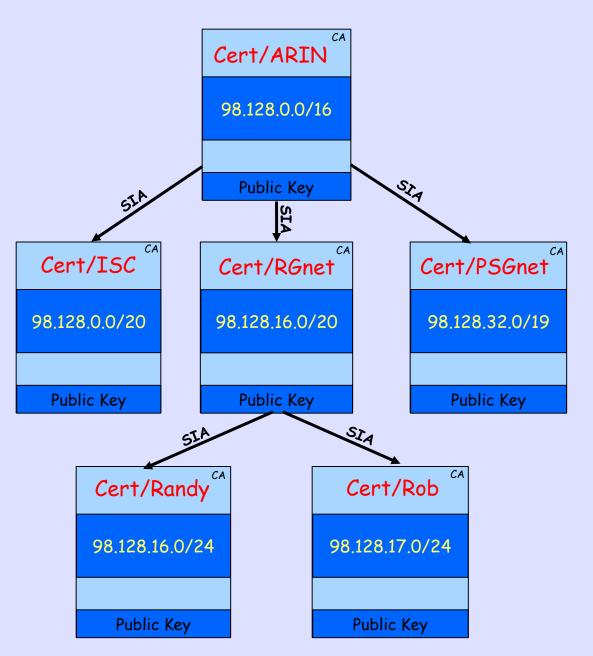
RFC 3779 Extension

Describes IP
Resources (Addr & ASN)

SIA - URI for where this Publishes

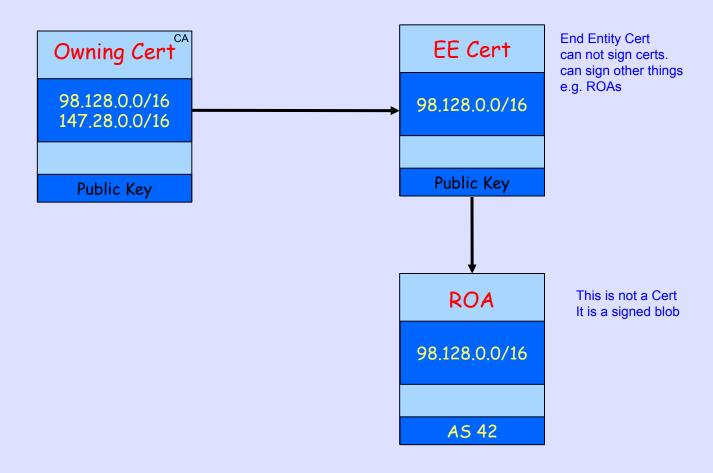
Owner's Public Key

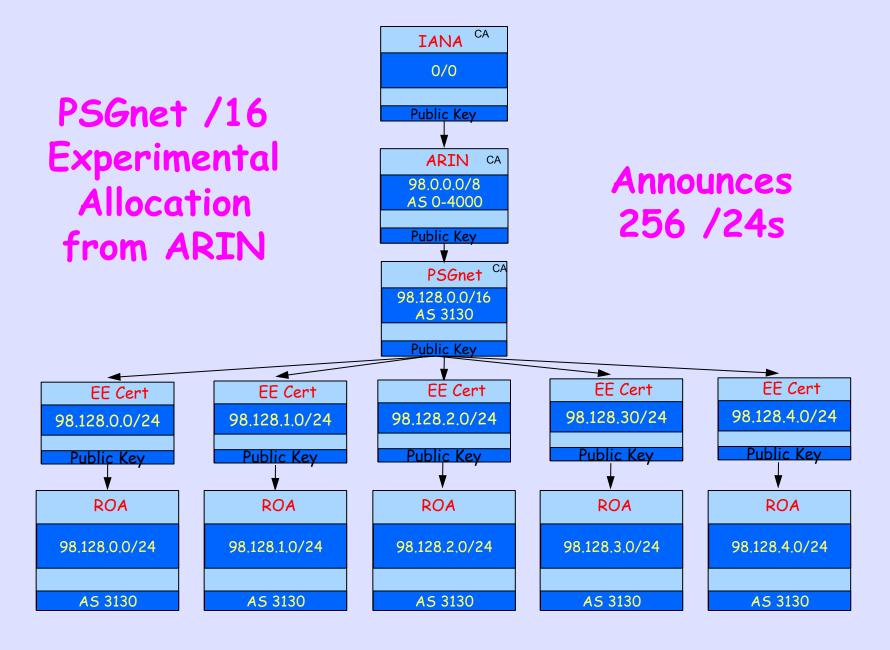
Certificate Hierarchy follows Allocation Hierarchy



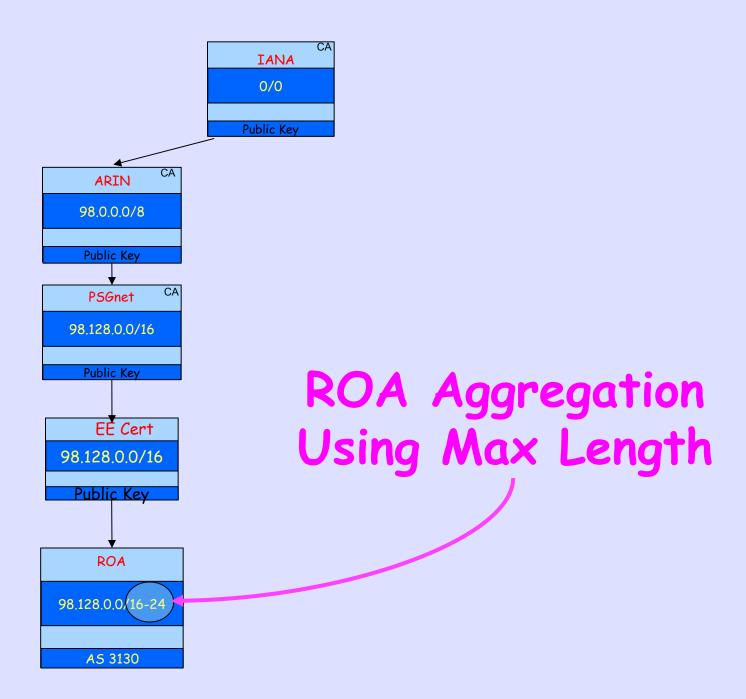
That's Who Owns It but Who May Route It?

Route Origin Authorization (ROA)

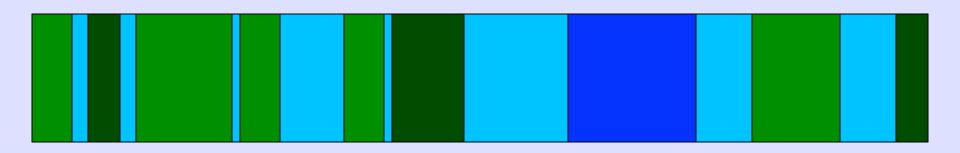




Too Many EE Certs and ROAs, Yucchhy!



Allocation in Reality



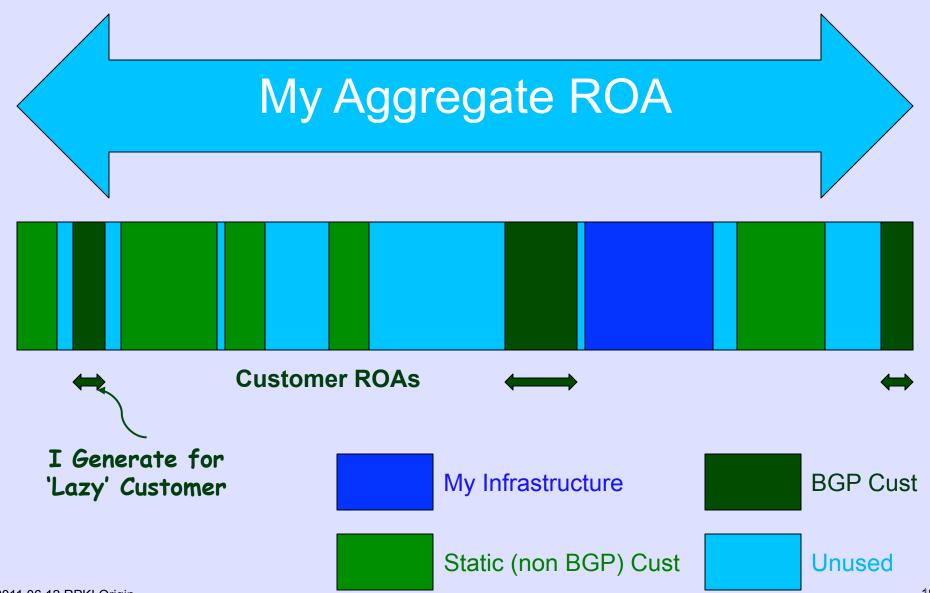
My Infrastructure

Static (non BGP) Cust

BGP Cust

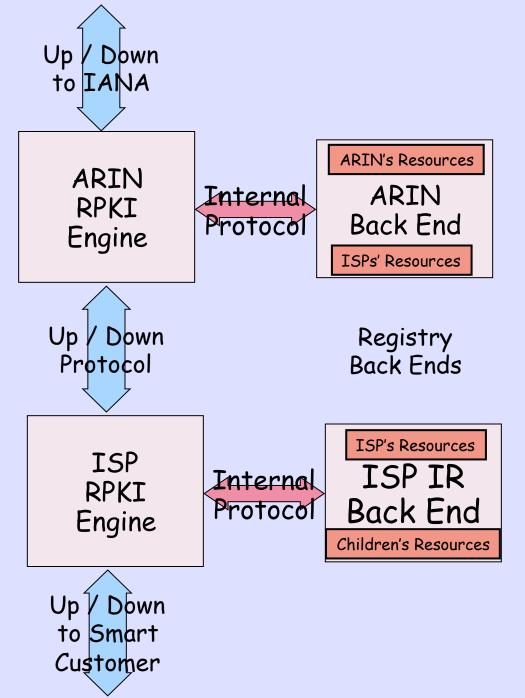


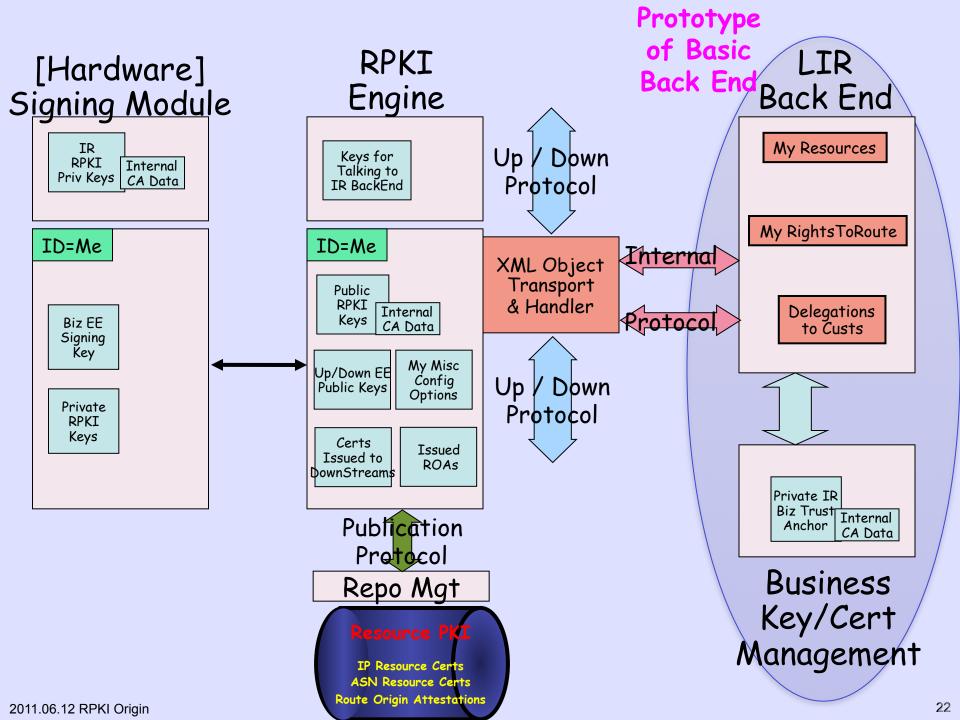
ROA Use



Running Code And the Three RPKI Protocols

Parent and Child



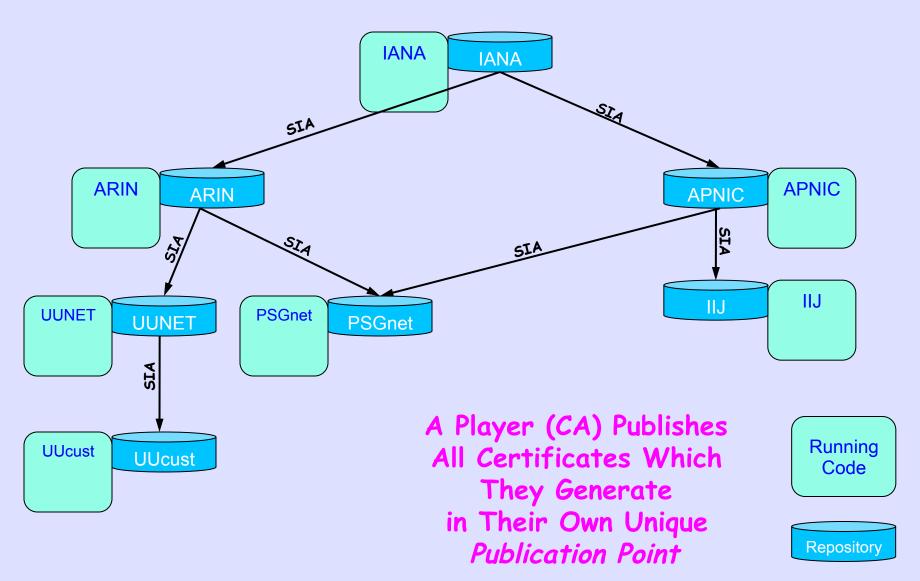


Big, Centralized, & Scary We Don't Do This

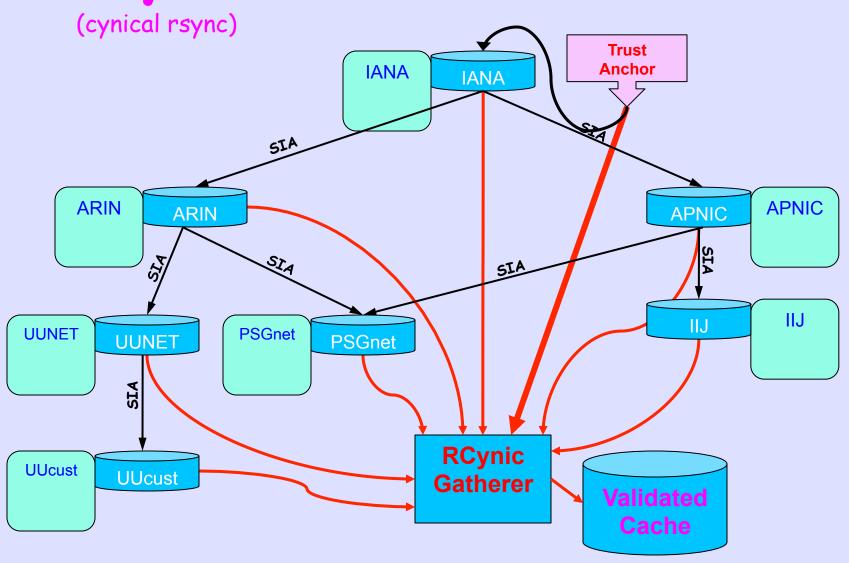
RPKI DataBase

IP Resource Certs
ASN Resource Certs
Route Origin Attestations

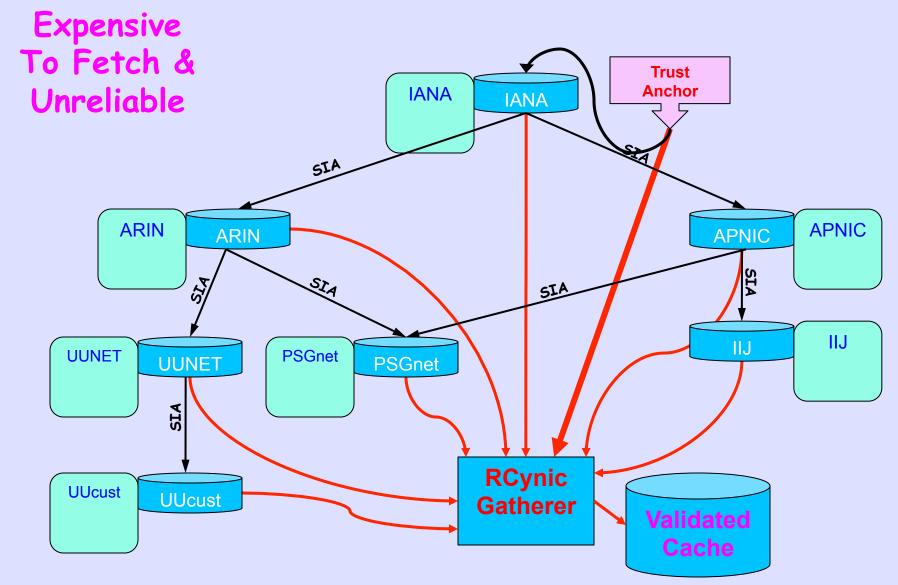
Distributed RPKI DataBase



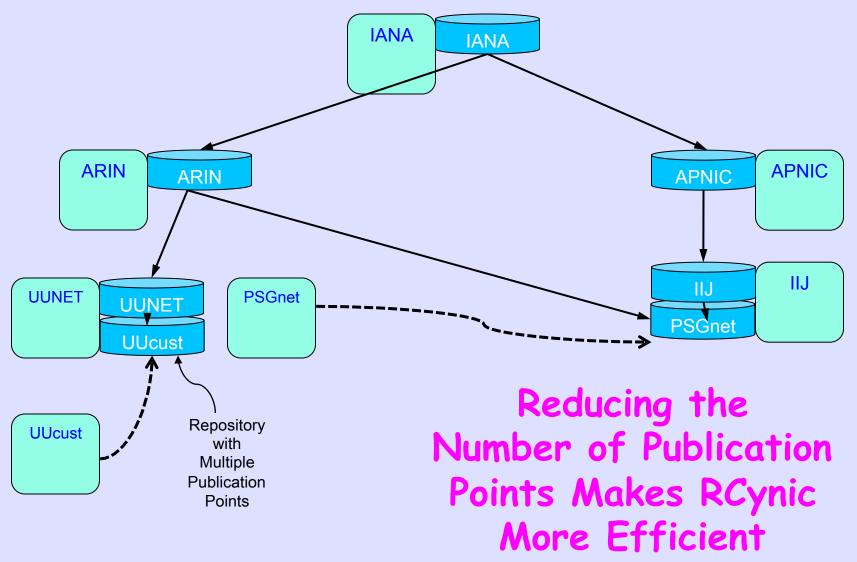
RCynic Cache Gatherer



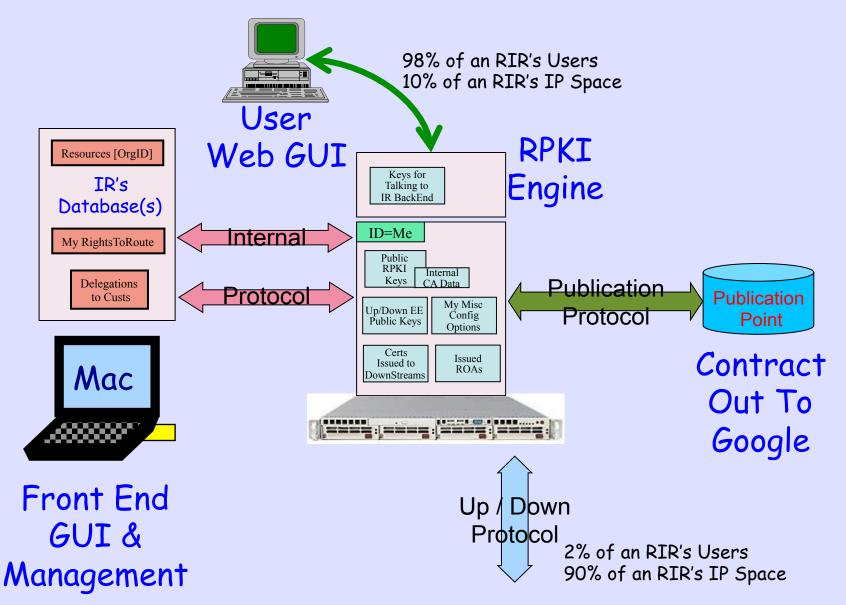
Reliability Issue



Reliability Via Hosted Publication



A Usage Scenario

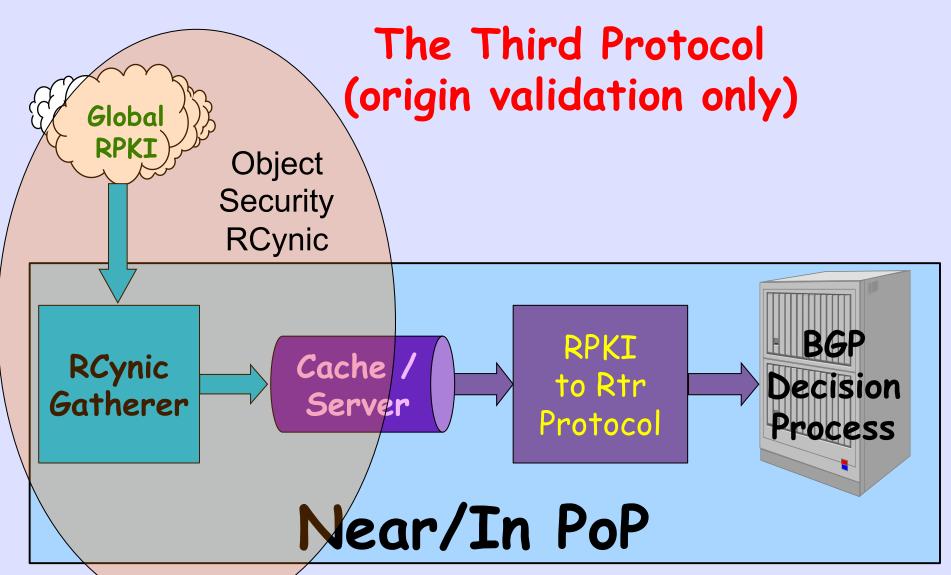


Origin Validation

- Cisco IOS and IOS-XR test code have Origin Validation now
- · Juniper has early test code now
- Work continues daily in test routers
- Compute load much less than ACLs from IRR data, 10µsec per update!

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Typical Exchange

Cache	Router						
 	< Reset Query	R 	requests data				
 	Cache Response> IPvX Prefix> IPvX Prefix> IPvX Prefix> End of Data>	C 	sends zero or more IPv4 and IPv6 Prefix Payload PDUs				
I I	> Notify>	 	(optional)				
 	< Serial Query	' R 	requests data				
1	Cache Response>	C	confirms request				
1		I C	sends zero or more				
1	IPvX Prefix>	1	IPv4 and IPv6 Prefix				
1	IPvX Prefix>	1	Payload PDUs				
I	End of Data>	I C	sends End of Data				
1		1	and sends new serial				
~		~					

Reset Query

Cache Response

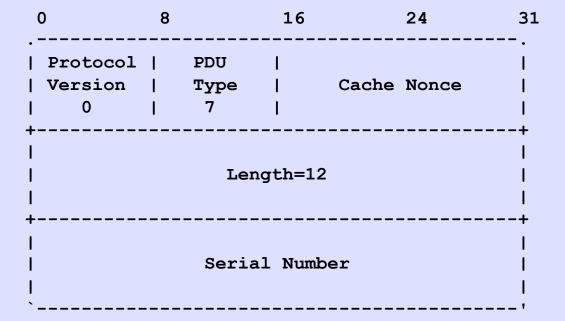
IPv4 Prefix

0		8		16		24		31	
 	Protocol Version 0	•	PDU Type 4	 	reserved	l = ze	ero	+	
1 1 1 1	Length=20								
T 1	Flags	•	Prefix Length 032	İ	Max Length 032	 2	zero		
1 1 1 1	IPv4 prefix								
 - - -	Autonomous System Number								

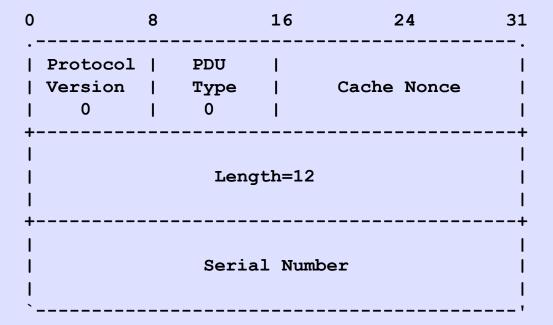
IPv6 Prefix

0	8		1	16		: . 	31
	•		PDU Type 6	 	reserve	d = zero	 -
	Length=40						
	Flags	 	Prefix Length 0128	i	Max Length 0128	 zero	
 	+						
+ - - -	+ IPv6 prefix						+ I
 +							ا +
 	Autonomous System Number						

End of Data



Notify (Think DNS)

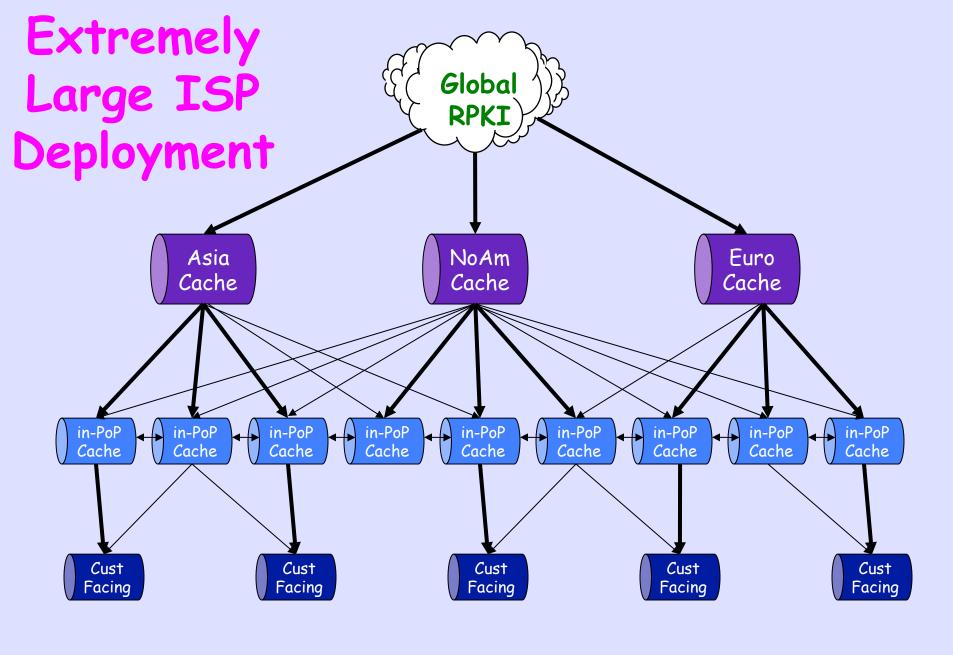


Serial Query

0		8		16	24	31			
·	Protocol Version	 	PDU Type	 	Cache Nonce	 			
+									
+									
\ \`.						 			

Error Response

0		8		16	24	31		
. · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Protocol Version 0	İ		 	Error Nur	nber 		
	Length							
· -	Length of Encapsulated PDU							
 	Copy of Erroneous PDU ~							
	+							
+	Arbitrary Text of Error Diagnostic Message ~							



High PriorityLower Priority

Configure

```
router bgp 3130
```

•••

bgp rpki server tcp 198.180.150.1 port 42420 refresh 120 bgp bestpath prefix-validate allow-invalid

Result of Check

- Valid A matching/covering ROA was found with a matching AS number
- Invalid A matching or covering ROA
 was found, but AS number did not match,
 and there was no valid one
- Not Found No matching or covering ROA was found

Policy Override Knobs

- Disable Validity Check Completely
- · Disable Validity Check for a Peer
- Disable Validity Check for Prefixes

When check is disabled, the result is "Not Found," i.e. as if there was no ROA

Look at Table

r0.sea#show ip bgp rpki table

76 BGP sovc network entries using 6688 bytes of memory 422 BGP sovc record entries using 8440 bytes of memory

Network	Maxlen	Origin-AS	Source	Neighbor
67.21.36.0/24	24	3970	0	198.180.150.1/424
98.128.0.0/24	24	4128	Θ	198.180.150.1/424
98.128.0.0/16	16	3130	Θ	198.180.150.1/424
98.128.6.0/24	24	4128	Θ	198.180.150.1/424
98.128.9.0/24	24	3130	Θ	198.180.150.1/424
98.128.30.0/24	24	1234	Θ	198.180.150.1/424
129.6.128.0/17	17	49	Θ	198.180.150.1/424
147.28.0.0/16	16	3130	0	198.180.150.1/424
147.28.224.0/19	19	4128	0	198.180.150.1/424

Defaults

 Origin Validation is Enabled if you have configured a cache server peering

Default Poll Interval is 30 Minutes

 No Effect on Policy unless you have configured it

Good Dog!

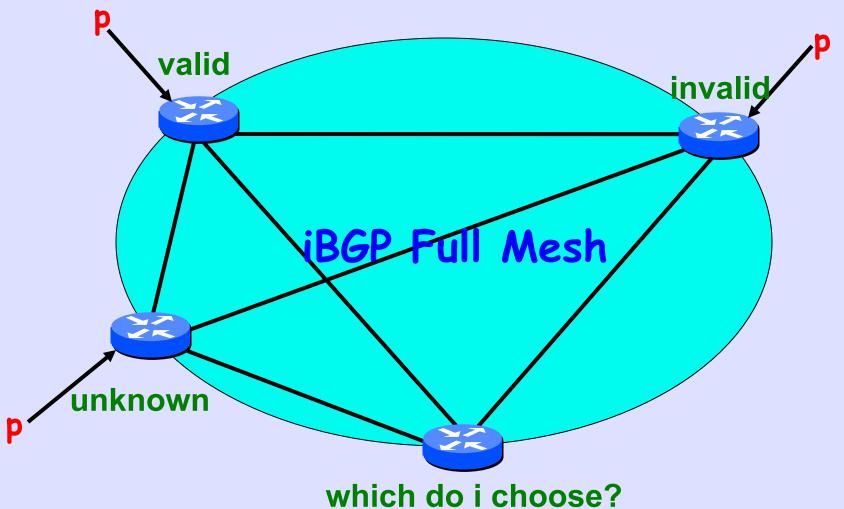
```
r0.sea#show bgp 192.158.248.0/24
BGP routing table entry for 192.158.248.0/24, version 3043542
Paths: (3 available, best #1, table default)
 6939 27318
    206.81.80.40 (metric 1) from 147.28.7.2 (147.28.7.2)
      Origin IGP, metric 319, localpref 100, valid, internal,
best
      Community: 3130:391
      path 0F6D8B74 RPKI State valid
 2914 4459 27318
    199.238.113.9 from 199.238.113.9 (129.250.0.19)
      Origin IGP, metric 43, localpref 100, valid, external
      Community: 2914:410 2914:1005 2914:3000 3130:380
      path 09AF35CC RPKI State valid
```

Bad Dog!

```
r0.sea#show bgp 198.180.150.0
BGP routing table entry for 198.180.150.0/24, version 2546236
Paths: (3 available, best #2, table default)
 Advertised to update-groups:
 Refresh Epoch 1
  1239 3927
    144.232.9.61 (metric 11) from 147.28.7.2 (147.28.7.2)
      Origin IGP, metric 759, localpref 100, valid, internal
      Community: 3130:370
      path 1312CA90 RPKI State invalid
```

Strange Dog!

iBGP Hides Validity State



which do i choose? why do i choose it?

The Solution is to Allow Operator to Test and then Set Local Policy

Fairly Secure

```
route-map validity-0
 match rpki valid
  set local-preference 100
route-map validity-1
  match rpki not-found
  set local-preference 50
! invalid is dropped
```

Paranoid

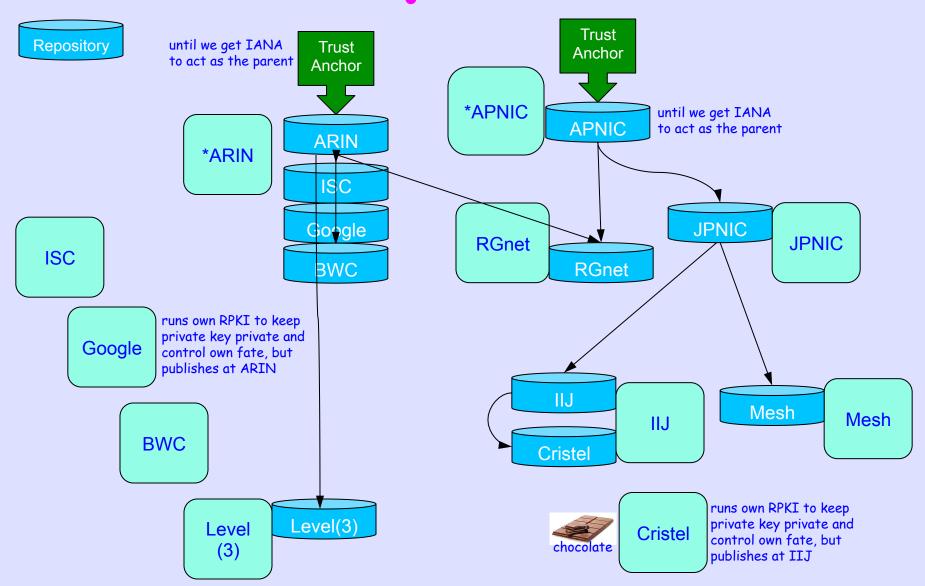
```
route-map validity-0
  match rpki valid
  set local-preference 110
! everything else dropped
```

After AS-Path

route-map validity-0 match rpki not-found set metric 50 route-map validity-1 match rpki invalid set metric 25 route-map validity-2 set metric 100

Running Code

The Open TestBed



^{*} APNIC and ARIN are simulations constructed from public data

The Big Speedbump



But Who Do We Trust?

Two digital certificates have been mistakenly issued in Microsoft's name that could be used by virus writers to fool people into running harmful programs, the software giant warned Thursday.

According to Microsoft, someone posing as a Microsoft employee tricked VeriSign, which hands out so-called digital signatures, into issuing the two certificates in the software giant's name on Jan. 30 and Jan. 31.

FAQ: Microsoft's security breach and how it affects you

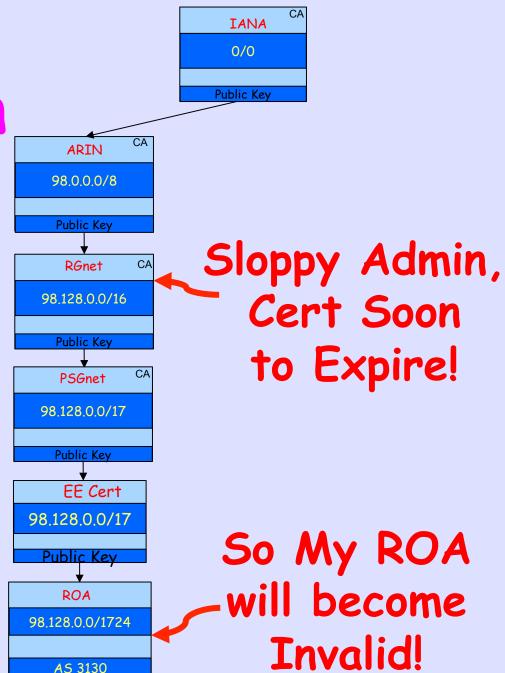
Such certificates are critical for businesses and consumers who download patches, updates and other pieces of software from the Internet, because they verify that the software is being supplied from a particular company, such as Microsoft.

http://news.cnet.com/2100-1001-254586.html

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Up-Chain Expiration

These are not Identity Certs



ROA Invalid but I Can Route

The ROA will become Invalid

My announcement will just become NotFound, not Invalid

Unless my upstream has a ROA for the covering prefix, which is likely

So Who Do You Call?



60

But in the End, You Control Your Policy

"Announcements with Invalid origins MAY be used, but SHOULD be less preferred than those with Valid or NotFound."

-- draft-ietf-sidr-origin-ops

But if I do not reject Invalid, what is all this for?

Open Source (BSD Lisc) Running Code https://rpki.net/

Test Code in Routers

Talk to C & J

Work Supported By

US Government

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[0] - they Take your Scissors Away and we turn them into plowshares

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