

I'M PINGING 10 : high rate active probes

What Your Networks RTT Says About Itself

What's up with high-rate active probes?

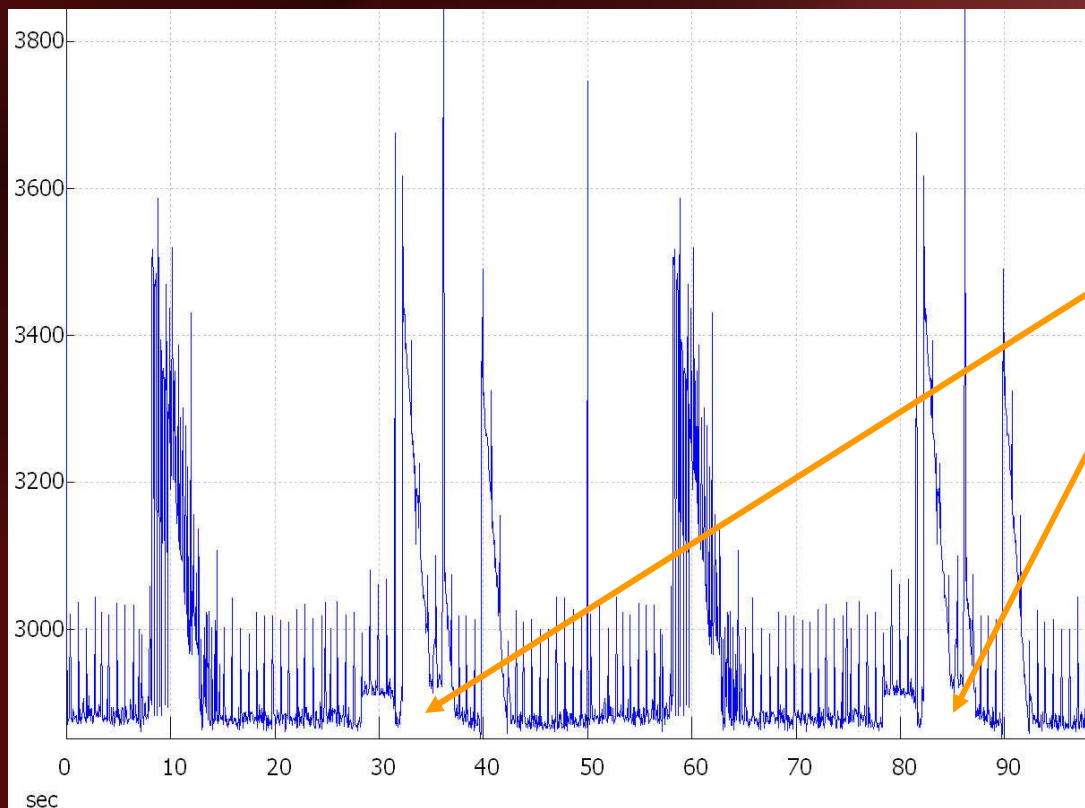
- **We're pinging stuff really quick**
 - Adjusted host kern.hz to 1000, select() gets pretty accurate (+/- 1ms emission accuracy)
 - Verified by viewing tx'd PPS and inter-packet gap
 - Directed FreeBSD ping to use 'interval' of ~10ms
 - Ping for a few thousand seconds
- **Stuff is responding**
 - Drops don't appear to significantly change measurements
- **We do math on the measurements**
- **99.999% of the data is pretty uninteresting**
- **The 0.001% of the data relates directly to end-to-end queuing**

What has been sampled?

- **IOS 12.0S on Cisco 7513/RSP4 with DS3 ATM Interface Processors provided by The Patrick Mint**
- **IOS 12.3 mainline on 2620 via T1**
- **Linux 2.4.20, FreeBSD 4.8, NT4 sp6 on P-II 450 systems located behind said 2620**
- **Various end-to-end paths on the U-Wisc campus network**

What do you get?

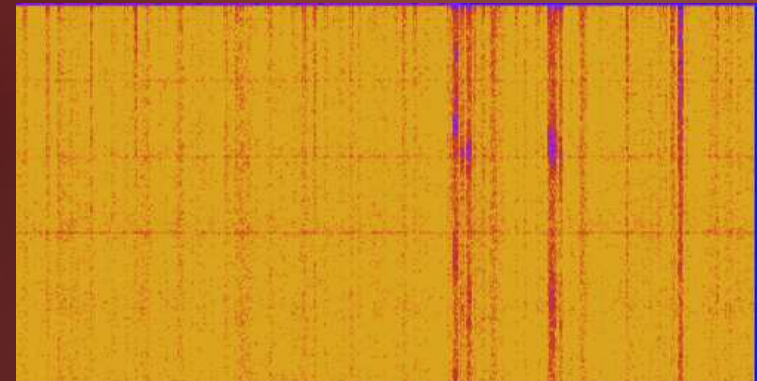
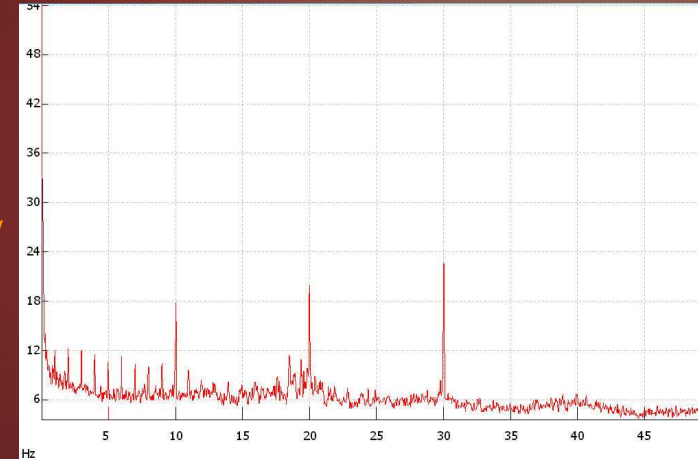
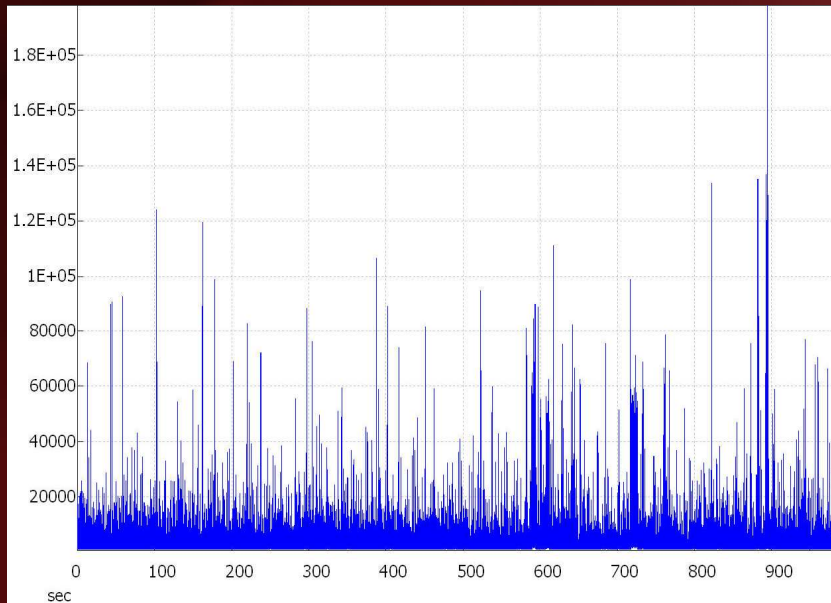
- **Raw data in time-series isn't terribly interesting**



- In adaptive link layer protocols, we can clearly see rate-shifting manifested in RTT
- Wireless, HPNA/HCNA, Powerline Ethernet

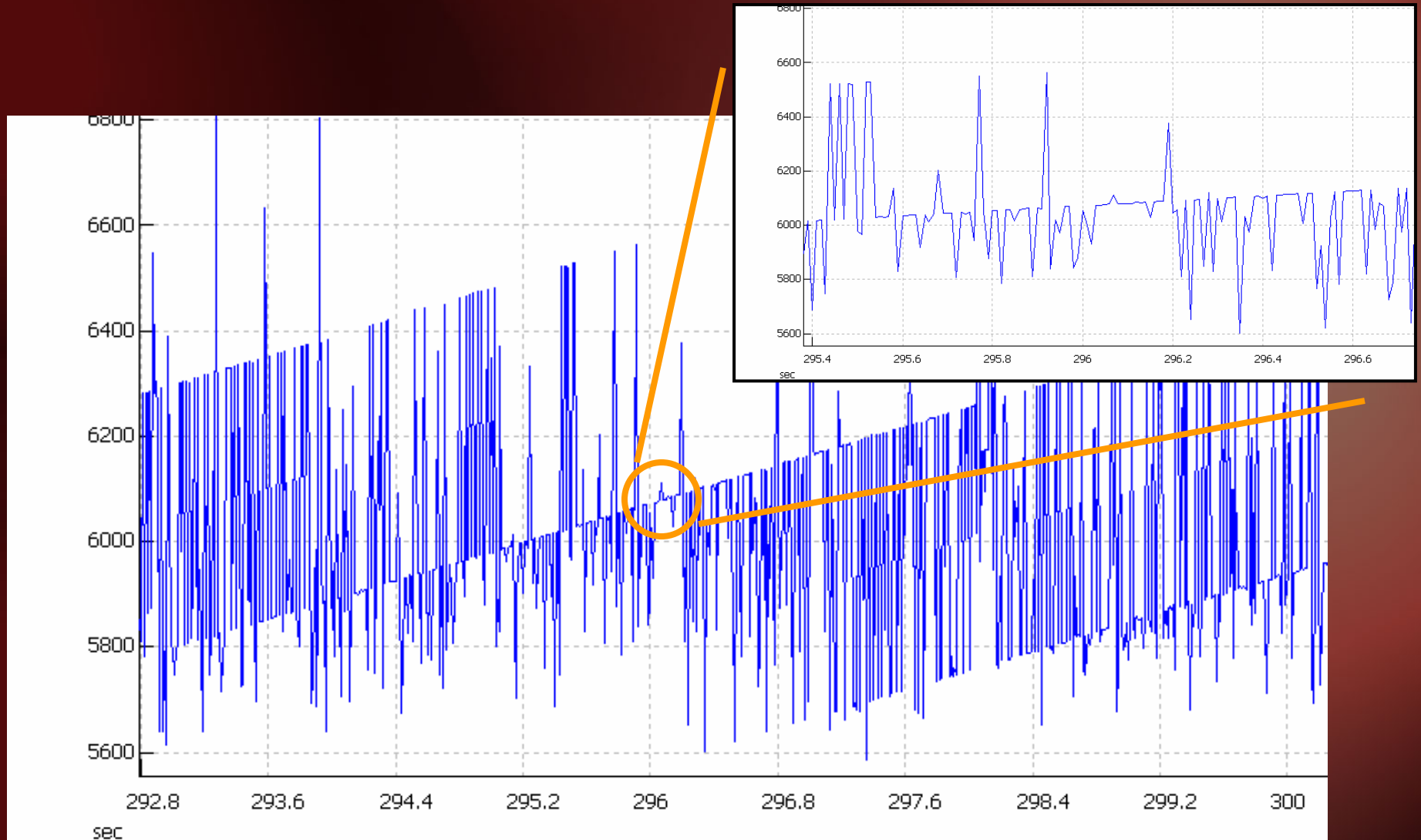
Let's do some math

- **With a bit of processing (Fourier transforms, wavelet transforms, etc), interesting things emerge**



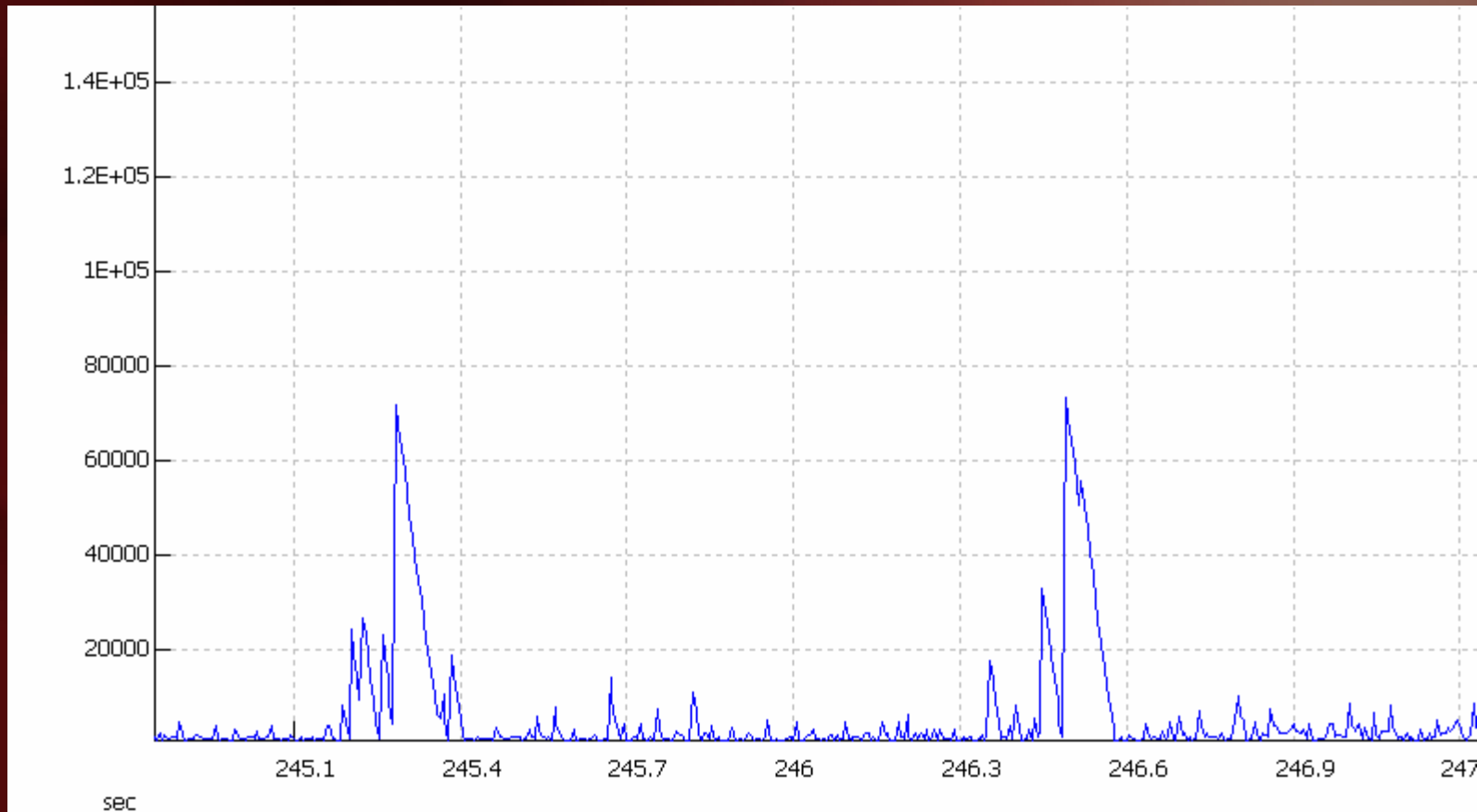
Some data

- Time-series graphs from a Bigiron Jetcore M4 – MSN <> ORD

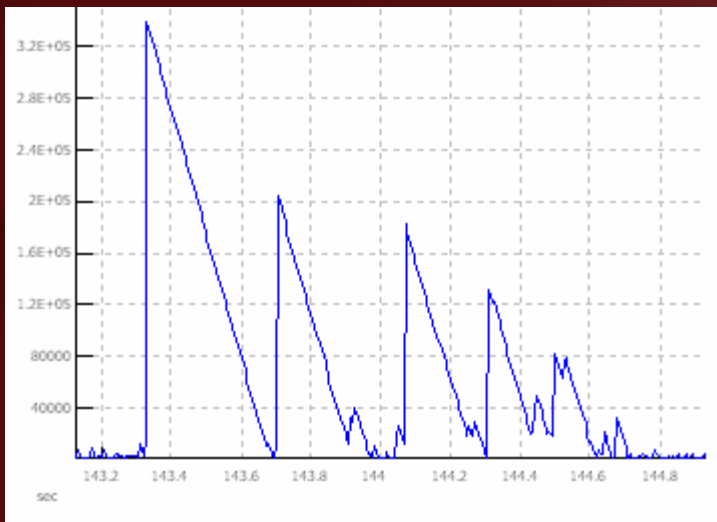


The 0.001% interesting part

- **Say hello to “Shark Fins”**
 - **When links are hot, queues are obvious, especially highly multiplexed links**

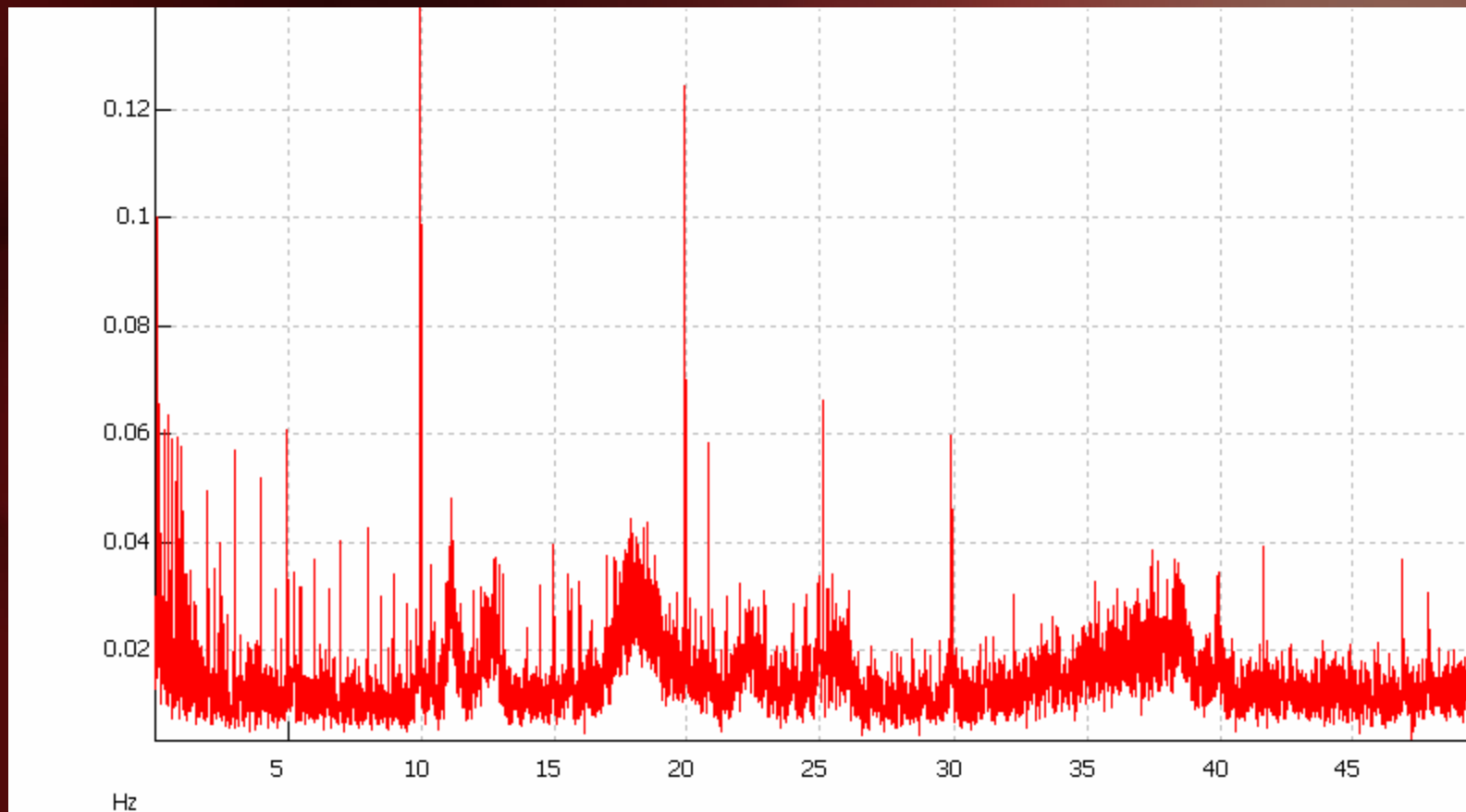


Stuff your theory class didn't cover...



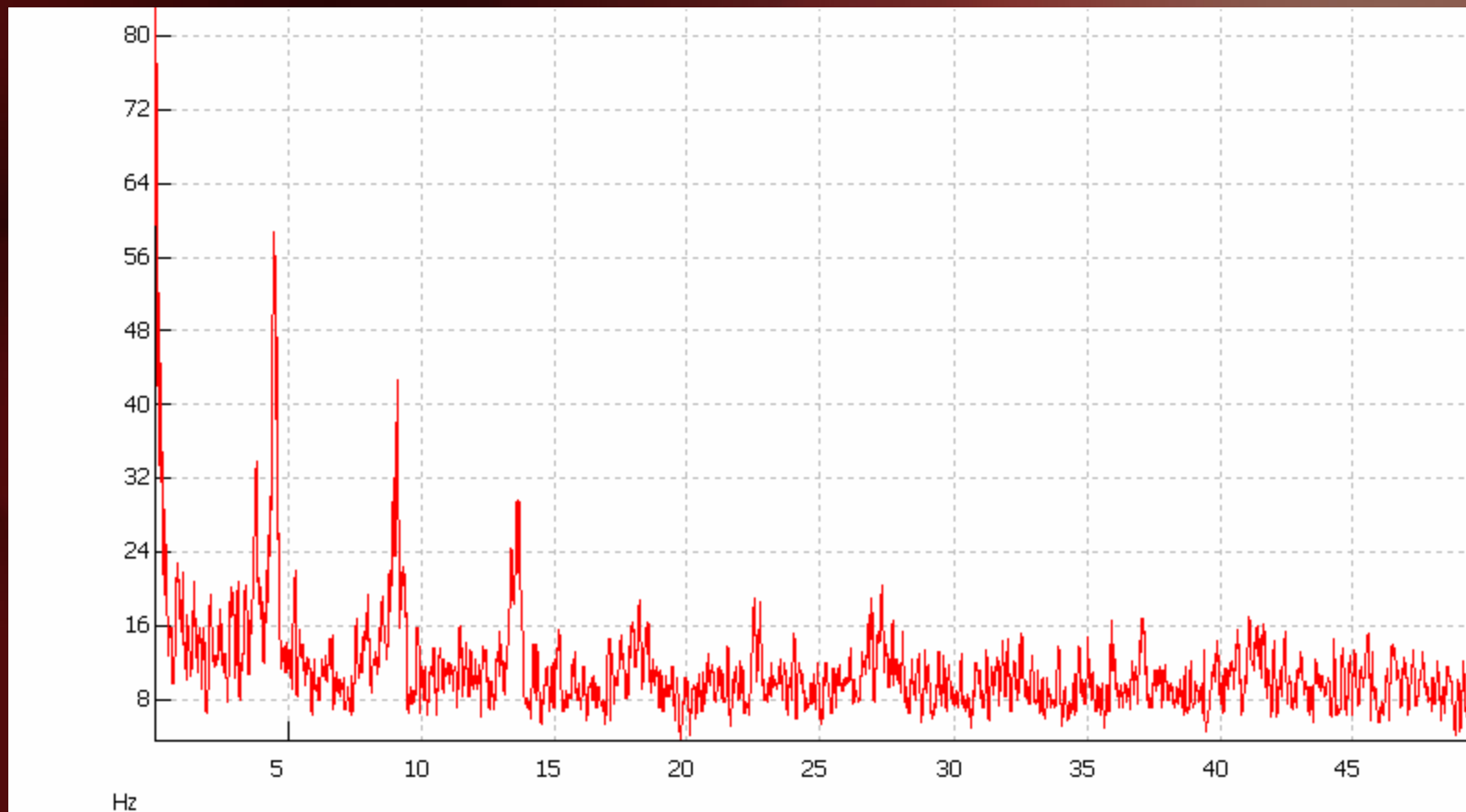
A Hint at Network-Level RTT Fingerprints

- Win32 delay spectrum



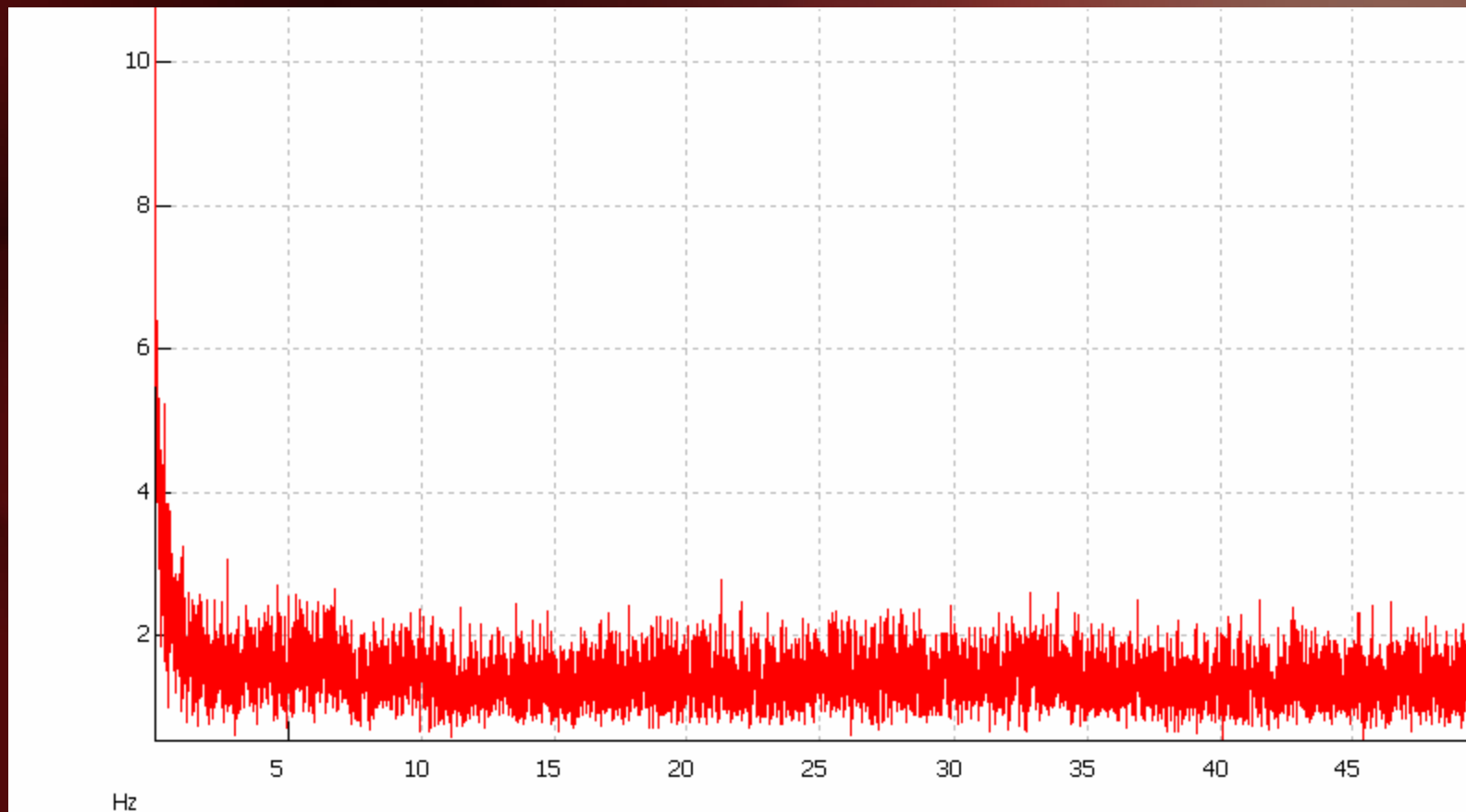
RTT Fingerprinting

- **Linux 2.4.20 delay spectrum**



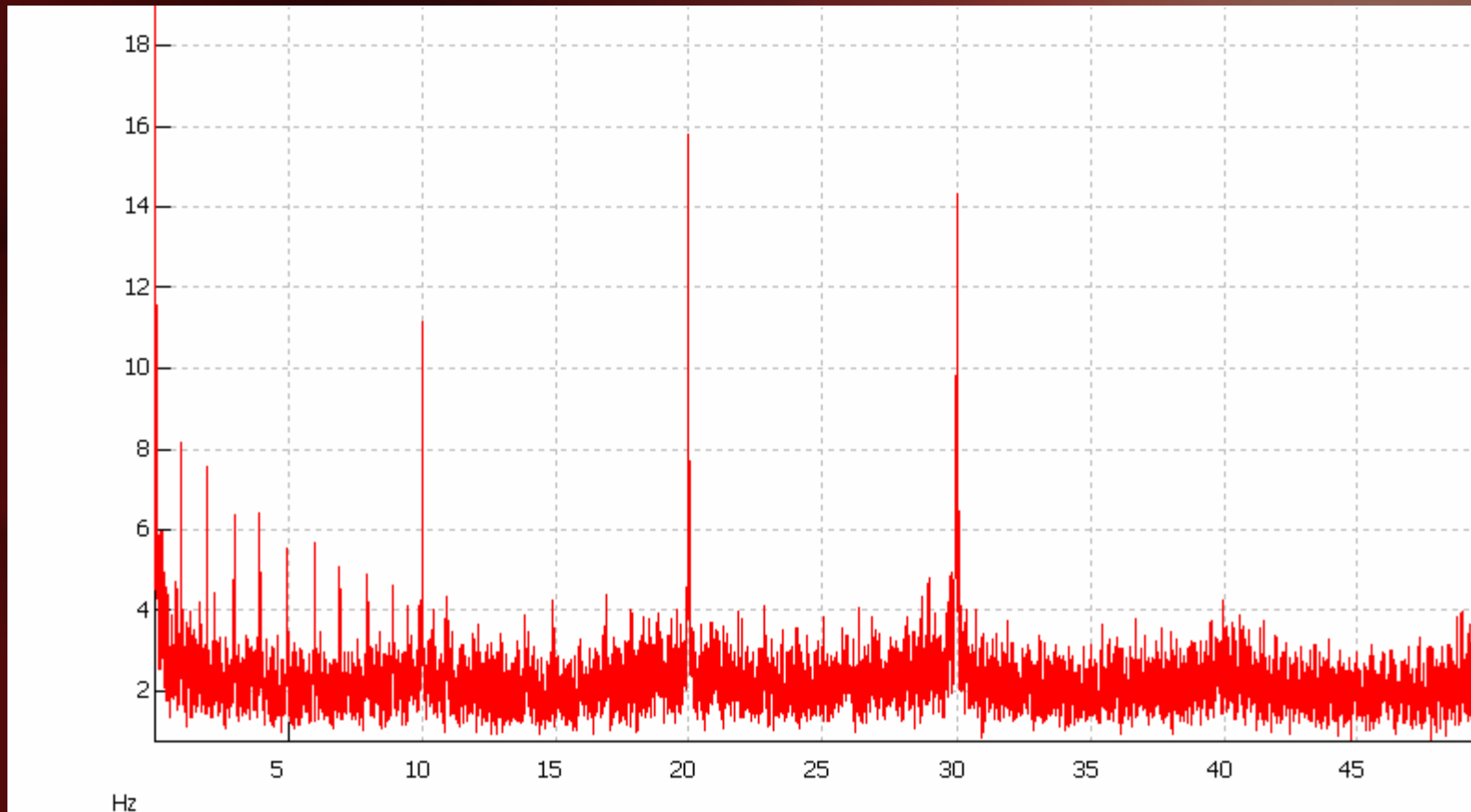
RTT Fingerprinting

- **FreeBSD 4.8 delay spectrum**



RTT Fingerprinting

- **IOS delay spectrum**



Boring pontifications

- **We've sampled RTT and performed signal analysis of it; now what?**
 - **We get to ask more questions**
 - Is network 'round trip' discreet or continuous?
 - What effect does packet size have on RTT spectrum?
 - What is this *really* measuring?
 - Is delay a 'signal' anyway?
 - What's with the 0 Hz DC component in the FT output?
 - Delay is monotonic, need to differentially filter input
 - **We could collect many samples of host OS, NIC, router, etc...**
 - Packet-level fingerprinting is trivially faked
 - Headers change easily
 - IP stack scheduler behavior doesn't change so easily
 - The next NMAP?