Experiences with Large-scale Network Consolidation or How I Spent My Summer Vacation

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Overview

- History
- Business drivers
- Our approach
- Preparation for the cut
- The Cut(s)
- Lessons learned

Some History

- Allegiance Telecom acquired the IBI network assets in December of 2001 from WorldCom
- Allegiance Telecom (AS11466) Nationwide Tier-2 IP Network
- IBI/Digex (AS2548) Nationwide Tier-1 IP Network

Business Drivers (Why do this?)

- Reduce network expense through consolidation of facilities
- Consolidate operations and support
- Uniform routing policies
- Ability to sell either legacy network's products at any site

Our Approach

- Because we were migrating to the 2548 ASN, we had to tailor the migration to fit within the limitations of the ALGX network
 - IBI Network
 - Well aggregated easier to migrate POP-by-POP
 - Allegiance Network
 - Not well-aggregated serious complications in POP-by-POP approach
- The POP-by-POP approach didn't suit our needs, we opted for an overnight AS-merge

Our Approach

- Traditional integrations have consisted of moving the acquired company behind the larger AS
 - Less risky no significant customer downtime
- By merging the 2 networks into a single ASN we could accomplish all of our goals in one night
 - More risky requires significant downtime

Some Considerations...

- Network size (~500 routers)
 - Protocols MUST scale
- Multi-vendor environments
 - Protocol interaction (especially MPLS)
 - Routing policy can be "tricky" to adapt from one platform to another
- Does network consolidation make sense?
 - Depending on your specific situation, network integration may not be a big issue
 - Allegiance had a brand-new OC48 network with ZERO traffic to migrate which made the task somewhat easier

Preparation for the Cut

- Set an integration strategy
 - Understand the business drivers
 - Set attainable milestones and goals
- Build a team
 - Identify key players from each organization

Preparation for the Cut

- Form a plan
 - Develop new routing policies and test (and test again, and again)
 - Outline all key dependencies and identify risks
 - Task personnel based on core competencies
 - Layout the cutover process, router by router
 - Set hard backout points
 - Practice use dry runs to make sure everyone understands their role and responsibilities

- First cut attempt was unsuccessful
 - Too much work for one night
 - Decision was made to divide the cut into 2 pieces
 - First piece install new routing policy onto legacy IBI network
 - Second piece reconfigure legacy Allegiance network with new policy and new ASN

- The IBI network was reconfigured the week prior to the Allegiance network
 - All peers were shutdown to minimize the possibility of a route leak and avoid dampening as routers were reloaded
 - Policy bugs were identified and resolved over the next week leading up to the ASmerge

- Preparation for the AS-merger
 - A configuration freeze was placed in effect the day before the actual AS merger
 - New configurations were generated and sanity checked for each router on the network
 - Perl script took about 2 seconds for each router
 - All current router configurations were backed up to flash locally in case backout was necessary

- AS-merger
 - All peers shutoff and the IBI/ALGX networks were isolated
 - New configurations were loaded on the routers in a single market as a testbed
 - Routers in that market were reloaded with the new configuration

- AS-merger
 - Only after those routers were verified to be back up and working did we proceed with additional markets
 - Markets were then done one by one until all routers had been reconfigured and reloaded
 - Once all markets were completed, peers were brought back up and connectivity to the rest of the world was restored

- Post-merger issues
 - Policies
 - Different routers on different policies tend to leak routes unexpectedly
 - Different versions of software may:
 - Use a different command to do the same thing
 - Use the same command to do a different thing

- Post-merger issues
 - Protocols
 - Scalability
 - A network of 500 routers will test limits that the vendors may not have tested themselves
 - Cross-vendor compatibility issues (MPLS specifically)
 - Policy gap that allowed a massive route-leak was identified and corrected

Lessons Learned

- Nobody's perfect
 - Typos happen
- Equipment can (and will) fail
- You can never plan enough
 - Testing in the lab is invaluable, but not sufficient to prevent all problems from manifesting
 - A problem that arises in 1 out of 25 routers may never appear in a 10-router lab, but show up 20 times in a 500 router network.

Lessons Learned

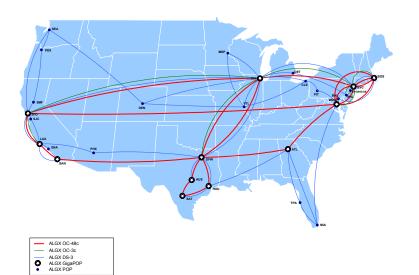
Communication is key

- Make sure you give your customers plenty of notification prior to the work
- Notify peers about the outage including an explanation about the work being performed
- Set and manage realistic expectations with both your customers and your corporate management
- An out-of-band management network is a priceless assett

Lessons Learned

- Don't be afraid to voice any concerns, point out potential problems, or offer alternative solutions
- Don't dismiss anyone else's concerns, gloss over any potential problems, or fail to consider an alternative solution

What we started with

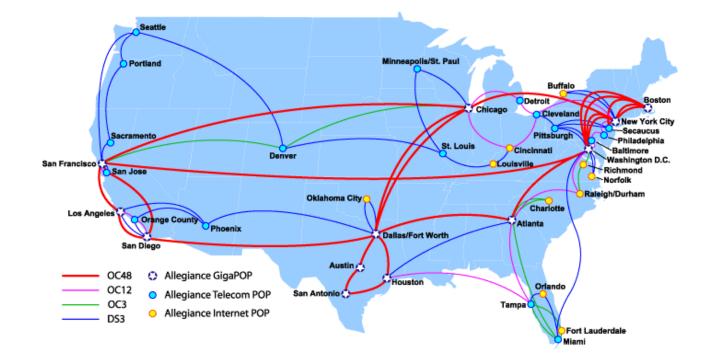




AllegianceTelecom Next Generation Backbone Topology



What we finished with



Shout-outs

- Greenbelt Team
- Dallas Team
- Cisco and Juniper TAC

WORLD CHAMPIONS!!!

